Erosion · Flooding Landslides unoffer Purce Collaboration Collaboration Miconia calvescens

Biologists have called miconia, "The one plant that could destroy the Hawaiian Forest."

The leaves of miconia can grow three feet long, shading out and killing native plants.

Each miconia plant can produces 3-9 million seeds each year.

leaves are velvety green on top with 3 distinct veins and a purple underside.

HOW YOU CAN HELP...

Clean all mud and dirt from your shoes, gear, and pets after hiking or hunting.

If you see miconia, DO NOT REMOVE. Report the location to the O'ahu Invasive Species Committee for proper removal.

Allow OISC to survey your property if requested.

Email: oisc@hawaii.edu

Call: 808-266-7994 Text: 808-286-4616



www.oahuISC.org

O'AHU INVASIVE SPECIES COMMITTEE



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Miconia is one of the biggest threats to Oʻahu's watersheds.

Increases erosion and reef damage
Increases flooding and landslides
Increases brown water advisories
Reduces ability to capture water
Loss of habitat and biodiversity
Reduces water quality

In Tahiti, miconia spread across an area equivalent to the Koʻolau Range, from Kāneʻohe to the North Shore in just 60 years. Called the "Green Cancer", miconia is now completely out of control in the Tahitian rainforest. This illustrates how crucial it is that OISC continue miconia eradication efforts on Oʻahu.

Landslide in a miconia forest- Tahiti.